

NEW YORK DOCTORS UPHELD BY ITALY'S LEADING PHYSICIAN

"They Did All That Was Humanly Possible" in Caruso's Case.

BASTIANELLI'S PRAISE

"American Doctors Showed Greatest Professional Skill and Technique."

ROME, Aug. 4 (Associated Press).—The American doctors who attended Enrico Caruso in New York during his critical illness last winter did "all that was humanly possible under the conditions of the patient; they could not do more."

This opinion was given to the Associated Press to-day by Dr. Raffaele Bastianelli, reputed to be the greatest surgeon in Italy, who with his brother, Giuseppe, attended the famous singer when he suffered the relapse last week which led to his death.

Regarding Caruso's illness in America, Dr. Bastianelli said, "It was undoubtedly putrid pneumonia, which immediately put the patient in such a grave condition that it must be considered a miracle that the American doctors succeeded in saving his life."

Recounting the last few days of Caruso's illness the famous surgeon said: "I, with my brother, Giuseppe, visited Caruso professionally on July 23 at Sorrento. After a careful examination we both agreed that the present and past suffering of the great tenor was derived from a subrenal abscess, probably in the left kidney."

"We immediately decided that Caruso should be taken to Rome and submitted to an X-ray examination in order to complete our diagnosis and also as a guide for the operation which was to have been executed immediately after. At that time Caruso's condition was relatively good. This was emphasized by the fact that he laughed and joked with us, explaining by operative motions how he sang."

"So strong was he then that he stood up before us and made a motion of singing in the act of reaching high notes in the midst of a dramatic setting. Then he said jokingly: 'When I was about to reach a high note during a performance in America something caught me in the throat. I put my hand to my mouth in an effort to regain myself when out spurted a mouthful of blood.'"

"Caruso laughed as he demonstrated this condition to us." "His chief thought was that of resuming his career and being able to return to the stage and sing again. This was his greatest anxiety. He chatted and talked apparently at ease, comfortably exhibiting in that big, robust physique his ideas with gestures and smiles. Therefore, our opinion warranted his coming to Rome where the operation could be performed under conditions where hospital appliances were more complete and modern to handle his case."

Returning to the subject of Caruso's illness in America, Dr. Bastianelli said that the grave complication of Caruso's ailment at that time "absorbed the entire attention of the doctors, who could not occupy themselves with anything else than to attend to it, but we know with certainty that Dr. Erdmann, one of the American physicians who attended Caruso, realized the existence of the subrenal abscess. Dr. Loomis of Oil City, Pa., and Dr. Giuseppe's wife was Miss Marion Rawie of Philadelphia."

CARUSO'S BROTHER-IN-LAW SAILS ON WAY TO ITALY.

Has Had Only One Brief Message From Sister's Widow. The French liner France sailed to-day for Havre with every cabin occupied. Among the passengers was R. P. Benjamin, brother of Mrs. Enrico Caruso. He is bound for Naples.

Although he has sent several cablegrams, he has not heard from his sister since the receipt of a brief message on Monday announcing the death of her husband. It has been reported from Naples that Mrs. Caruso is to come to New York soon to look after her husband's affairs, but Dr. Benjamin is certain she will not leave before his arrival in Italy.

CARUSO ROYALTIES ON RECORDS WERE OVER \$1,500,000

Tenor's Voice Will Be Perpetuated for Generations and Continue a Source of Income.

Not only will Caruso's voice be enjoyed by generations but it will remain a source of revenue to his heirs as long as the records are sold. He received in royalties about \$150,000 a year, and his total income from this source has been more than \$1,500,000 since 1906. He was under contract to sing for the Victor company until 1925.

It is explained by C. G. Child of the company that the meta-matrix on which his voice is recorded are virtually imperishable. There are about 200 of these. Between twenty and thirty records have not been released. The last two he made were sacred songs. One of the unissued records is a song for which Caruso wrote the words.

Mr. Child, who had been a close friend of Caruso for twenty years, told an illuminating story of a contract the company once made with the singer. In 1911 another company offered him a large sum to make records. He asked the Victor company if it would be possible to make a few records for the other. A Victor representative called on Caruso.

"I will give you \$20,000 cash just to sign a new contract," said the representative.

"When will you bring the money?" asked Caruso. "It's Saturday now," was the reply, "and I cannot get it until Monday. I'll have it here Monday noon."

"Twenty-five thousand dollars just for a new contract," mused Caruso. "And will you let me write my own contract? No? Well, see this contract."

Caruso pulled over a piece of paper and wrote: "For the rest of his life Caruso sings only for you."

"That wouldn't be a legal contract," said the representative. "It's indeterminate."

"Then fifty years," said Caruso. "Twenty-five would be better," replied the representative.

"All right, twenty-five years," replied Caruso, "and never mind bringing that \$20,000 check. Caruso has confidence in you."

Mr. Child told some of Caruso's singing of "The Coat Song" from "La Boheme" as substitute for the bass voice of Seguria at a Philadelphia performance about five years ago. Seguria's throat was unable to sing in the last act, and after brief coaching in the role, Caruso stood near him on the stage and sang his lines in farewell to the coast.

ENRICO CARUSO JR. HERE, AWAITS WORD AS TO HIS FUTURE.

Shows the Effects of the Shock News of Father's Death Gave Him.

Enrico Caruso Jr. said this morning that he did not think he would go to Naples unless he was requested to do so. The son of the dead tenor showed plainly the effects of the shock the news of the sudden death of his father had been to him.

"I am just waiting to hear what to do," said he this morning in the Caruso suite at the Vanderbilt, where he arrived last night. With him is Bruno Zirato, the secretary who has had charge of Caruso's business in this country and occupies the suite.

The secretary met the young man last night when he arrived from the Culver Military Academy, where he was at the time of the death of his father. Enrico Caruso is the second son and about seventeen years old. Mr. Zirato said: "We are waiting and expect that in due time we will receive instructions from Naples."

Scene of Caruso's Greatest Triumphs, Metropolitan Opera House, Draped in Black



METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE IN MOURNING.

W. P. G. HARDING DEFENDS RESERVE BOARD'S ACTIONS

Says Banks Had to Prevent Crash Here Like That in Cuba.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Gov. Harding of the Federal Reserve Board began to-day a defense of his administration before the Congressional Commission which has heard a series of criticisms against the Board, including those of John Skelton Williams, former Comptroller of Currency.

Workings of the national credit system, Gov. Harding said, are in the hands of the Reserve banks, and over which the Board has "general supervision," adding that this did not mean "control."

"In law, the reserve banks are private corporations," he continued, "controlled by their directors. Congress did not attempt to establish a central bank, but did furnish a means of mobilizing credits."

Representative Funk, Republican, Illinois, said that in 1920 there "had been a feeling in the West that reserves were not being made available for their banks."

"The feeling was not warranted," Gov. Harding said. "The difficulty was in the unsuitability of some of the available paper."

The question of individual credit extension "clearly is up to the reserve bank," Gov. Harding said. "Now, if through prejudice or other cause, the district bank refused a rediscount, the member bank might appeal to the Reserve Board, but up to that point we could not interfere."

"It is true that the Reserve Board has power to change an interest rate on rediscounts after it has been put into effect by a district bank. But that has never been exercised."

Limits of a member bank's right to borrow through the reserve system, the Governor explained, were set by a "basic line" charted out of computations of banking resources. But he said the determination was "now no longer important, since progressive rates of interest have been abolished."

Presenting a chart, he said the currency circulation was being increased during 1920, and the loan accounts, too, remarking this was the period concerning which complaints of restriction are now being made.

"It looked as though our gold reserves would fall below the legal requirements," he said. "And it was necessary not to alarm anybody as to the value of our currency. If the United States wishes to go on a paper basis, that is the business of Congress, not of the Reserve Board."

"I have nothing to palliate or conceal," Gov. Harding said at another point, "but in considering the Board's action during the economic crisis we have weathered. Just imagine the state of the United States had our currency and banking system collapsed as that of Cuba did."

REPUBLICAN KNIFE IS SHARPENED FOR SCALP OF KOENIG

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has never taken an active interest in politics. For Sheriff—Peter Seary, President of the Sixteenth Assembly District Republican Club and former Exalted Ruler of the Elks.

For Register—Edward H. Maddox, to succeed himself; Almet W. Hoff of the Twenty-first Assembly District, former Assemblyman, and Edward G. Wilson, former President of the Brooklyn Young Republican Club, a close friend of County Judge Jacob A. Livingston.

For Supreme Court—Frank S. Gannon Jr., now a temporary appointee, to succeed himself, and District Attorney Harry E. Lewis.

The tentative slate agreed upon by Democratic leaders is as follows: Borough President—Edward Riegelmann, to succeed himself.

Sheriff—James M. Power, now United States Marshal, and regarded as a leader of the Independents. Register—E. T. O'Loughlin, a Hearst man, who served three terms as Register some years ago.

Supreme Court—County Judge Mitchell May, and Edward McMahon, lawyer and clubman.

If Mr. Riegelmann decides to become a candidate for the Supreme Court instead of for re-election to his present office, it is expected that Marshal Power will be slated for Borough President, leaving the candidacy for Sheriff open to the following: James Browne, Superintendent of Sewers; State Senator William Heffernan and John Dorman, Clerk of Special Sessions.

Gen. Alexander of 77th Division Congratulates Curran. Borough President Curran received a telegram to-day from Brig. Gen. Robert Alexander at Laurel, Md., extending congratulations and best wishes.

Gen. Alexander commanded the 77th Division in the French army during the war, served in France as Major in command of the divisional motor transport.

English Built Craft Expected to Cross Ocean in Three to Five Days. WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The monster British built dirigible ZR-2 will sail from Howden, Eng., 25 for its station at Lakohurst, N. J., the Navy department announced to-day.

Naval aeronautical experts estimate the time required for the trans-Atlantic trip at between three and five days, dependent on wind and weather conditions. It was pointed out, however, that the ZR-2, a slightly slower airship, made the trip from Scotland via Newfoundland, a direct distance of 3,130 sea miles, in 103 hours.

The ZR-2, formerly the British Zeppelin R-38, will be commanded by Commander L. H. Maxfield, with Lieut. Commander V. N. Bieg as second in command. Other members of the ship's personnel are: Lieut. Commander E. W. Col, Lieut. P. P. Culbert, H. W. Hort, R. W. Pennoyer, C. G. Little, C. B. Null, U. E. Lawrence, A. R. Houghton, M. H. Esterley, W. R. Taylor, U. H. Kyger, U. B. Anderson, Clifford A. Tinker, and Ensigns I. H. Hykes and W. U. Medbury, and Chief Machinist S. S. Halliburton.

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TROOPS JOIN VAST FAMISHED HORDES IN RUSSIAN MARCH

Six Million Peasants Are Reported Moving in Four Directions on Moscow, Siberia, the Ukraine and Caucasus.

Parents, Panic Stricken by Cholera and Starvation, Leave 60,000 Children Scattered Along the Highways.

LONDON, Aug. 4 (Associated Press).—The London headquarters of the American Relief Administration to-day announced receipt of information that all American prisoners in Russia have been released and are now leaving that country.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—Soviet troops have joined the famine stricken peasants who are marching on Moscow, according to advices from Berlin, and the number of those on the move is being constantly augmented. It is estimated that at least 6,000,000 human beings are advancing over the provinces of Tambov, Voronezh and Penza.

Latest reports are that the peasants are marching in four directions. They are converging toward Moscow, the Caucasus, the Ukraine and Siberia. In Western Russia apparently the entire population is on the move and great numbers have already reached Smolensk.

Word comes from Samara and Saratov that the peasants in many instances have been driven insane by their sufferings from cholera and smallpox and have left their children to starve along the roads. Already, it is said, at least 40,000 have been abandoned in Saratov alone. This number is constantly added to.

For various reasons the troops which have been sent to check the march of the people have failed in their mission and word comes that those who have not joined in the march have given up their task in despair.

The greatest difficulty confronting any large effort toward relief is the fact that the last throats which had seemed to hold Russia together now are broken, and every province, city, village and individual now thinks only of itself.

Such food trains as are being sent through are being held up and looted by mobs, which easily overcome the military guards. The Soviet has issued a decree providing for hard labor by all residents in the provinces now stricken by famine and disease who decline to pay the commodity tax recently adopted by the Government, and the same punishment is applicable to those changing speculative prices. All trains consisting of more than five cars must now be accompanied by a heavy guard, on orders of the Soviet. Fevish efforts are being undertaken to stem the tide.

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There have been reports that the town of Nador, south of Melilla, has been evacuated by Spanish troops and occupied by Moroccan rebels, but officials say there is no confirmation of these rumors. An official statement declares fires continue at Nador.

RAISULI, IF MADE SULTAN, WILL PACIFY MOROCCO. Famous Chief Sends Novel Offer to Spanish, Says Report.

MADRID, Aug. 4.—Raisuli, former outlaw leader and chief of rebellious tribesmen in Morocco, is reported to have made an offer to Spain to pacify the entire Spanish zone of Morocco on condition that he be appointed Caliph and Sultan of the territory in question.

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Observers to Ask No Naval Changes Based on Bomb Tests. WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The battleship is still the supreme weapon of sea warfare.

This, it was learned to-day, is the essence of the report submitted to the joint army and navy board by the official observers who watched the recent aerial bombing tests of former German naval craft off the Virginia Capes. The observers do not think the tests should bring about a reversal in the present construction of the American Navy.

DAIL EIREANN TO BE CALLED TO DECIDE ON PEACE

(Continued From First Page.)

discussion between the Northern and Southern leaders. A despatch to the Evening News from Belfast to-day asserts that the Ulster Cabinet at this morning's meeting discussed an invitation from the Dail Eireann to Sir James Craig, the Ulster Premier, asking him to attend a conference in Dublin with a view to determining Ulster's attitude. It adds that there is no possibility, however, to another meeting between Sir James and Mr. De Valera in Dublin, although the Ulster Premier is willing to meet the Republican leader with Premier Lloyd George in London.

Out of these conflicting reports, however, arises the outstanding fact that the Republican Parliament is to meet, which is taken to mean undoubtedly that Mr. De Valera will give a reply to Mr. Lloyd George in the immediate future.

Official quarters in London know of no communications having been passed between Mr. De Valera and the Northern Cabinet, but it was understood from another source that Premier Lloyd George, after conferring with Sir James in London this week, sent a message to Mr. De Valera which might account for the calling of the Dail.

The British Cabinet already has reached a decision regarding the release of members of the Dail imprisoned or in detention camps, and it is understood that Dublin Castle is free to release them as it thinks fit. Members who have been on the run are understood to have returned to their homes in order that they may receive their summonses.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—Reports published here that the Government of Northern Ireland had definitely and finally refused to have anything to do with the Government proposals relative to peace in Ireland were to-day officially declared to be "absolutely unfounded."

It was asserted that no proposals had been submitted to the Ulster Cabinet by the Government.

While Government circles here profess confidence that Irish affairs are progressing toward a settlement, there has been a tone of uneasiness, and even of anxiety, in many reports from Dublin during the past few days. These have been accompanied by exhortations for patience, being based upon the ground that the negotiations cannot be hurried and may not be concluded for a long time.

BELFAST, Aug. 4 (Associated Press).—The Ulster Cabinet met this morning for a short session, at the close of which there was no communication issued as to the subject of its deliberations. It was authoritatively learned, however, that no message from Eamon De Valera, the Irish Republican leader, has yet reached the Northern Cabinet.

FASCISTI AND SOCIALISTS SIGN TERMS OF PEACE. Arditi Del Popolo Repudiated by Less Radical Organization.

ROME, Aug. 4.—The treaty of peace between the Fascisti and Socialists, which was signed here on Monday, stipulates that both sides assume responsibility for keeping the peace, according to the text of the agreement made public to-day.

Each side must return the trophies, emblems and banners captured from the other. The Socialist provincial governments, which were forced by violence to resign, will be reinstated.

The Socialists, in the agreement, repudiate the militant radical organization known as the Arditi Del Popolo.

MARCONI FINDS WAY TO SEND RADIO AT VERY HIGH SPEED

Tests on Short Distances, He declares, Have Proved Entirely Satisfactory.

LONDON, Aug. 4. Messages soon will be flashed across the Atlantic at the rate of 200 to 300 words a minute, Signor Marconi, inventor of wireless, declared here to-day. He said he had perfected a radio apparatus which would transmit words through space faster than a normal man can talk.

"I have tried the new method over short distances during the last six weeks," he added. "I have no doubt that it will be received with the greatest ease even high speed messages from the vicinity of New York while we were cruising in my yacht off the English coast."

"We have not yet tested the apparatus thoroughly at high frequency and speed across the Atlantic, but I expect to proceed further with these long distance tests within a few days."

The financial advantage of such high speed service would be very great, Marconi believes. "Speed will give the only hope for reduction of the present commercial rates," he said.

GIRL PREPARING TO WED IS SLAIN

Shot After Getting License to Marry—Unsuccessful Suitor Is Sought.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Aug. 4.—Within a few hours after she had obtained a license to marry, Miss Pamela Maccoone, 20 years old and beautiful, was shot and instantly killed here in the home of her sister, Mrs. Patsy Grosso, last night.

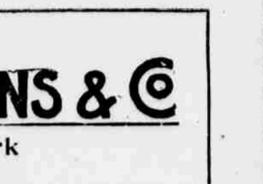
The murderer fired one shot, which pierced the girl's heart and lodged in the spine. He leaped to safety through the window of the girl's bedroom on the second floor of the Grosso home at No. 164 Fisher Avenue.

The girl had just said goodby for the evening to her intended husband, Camuche Vitano, whom she was to marry on Sunday. Mrs. Grosso gave the police the name of an unsuccessful suitor who, she said, did the shooting.

Auto and Trolley Collide. Joseph Beacham, forty-seven, of No. 200 Claremont Avenue, Brooklyn, was removed to Fordham Hospital following a collision of his automobile and a Third Avenue trolley car at Fordham Road and University Avenue to-day. He was badly bruised and lacerated.

BY THE ONION The Egyptians held the onion in such high honor that they swore by it. When called as witnesses, they took an oath to tell the truth by the onion. Men no longer invoke the aid of the onion in such solemn affairs; But, in making a delightfully piquant salad at CHILDS, this aid is very welcome.

Rich, creamy potato salad, with the pleasantly pungent bouquet of onions.



OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO. 34th Street—New York. On Special Sale Friday. About 1800 Women's Tricolette Tie-on Blouses. At the Lowest Price Ever Quoted. Fancy Woven Tricolette, in attractive surplice style, with short sleeves. Navy, flesh and popular sport shades. Phenomenal Value 2.00